







THE QUIET PROJECT

QUalifying and Implementing a usercentric designed and EfficienT electric vehicle

MOTIVATION

- Limited driving range of electric vehicles (EV) compared to conventional fuel vehicles
 - High energy consumption of auxiliary components and modules
 - heating and air conditioning systems
 - 60 % reduction of driving range in cold weather conditions
- Reduction of global CO₂ emissions
- Increase of passenger comfort



cf. U.S. Department of Energy, "Vehicle Systems 2015 Annual Report", DOE/EE-1304, January 2016, www.vehicles.energy.gov.

OBJECTIVES

QUIET aims at developing an improved and energy efficient EV with a driving range increased by 25 % under real-world driving conditions. This is achieved by exploiting the synergies of a technology portfolio in the AREAS of:

- user-centric design with enhanced passenger comfort and safety (AREA I)
- lightweight materials with enhanced thermal insulation properties (AREA II)
- and optimised vehicle energy management (AREA III)



RESULTS

The developed technologies are integrated and qualified in a HONDA B-segment EV validator. QUIET provides a series of breakthrough technologies that enable lowering the energy consumption for heating and cooling the passenger cabin while reducing the weight of the entire EV validation platform, resulting in an electric **driving range increased by 25 %**.

• Implementation of an **air conditioning system based on the refrigerant R290** (propane), that has a significantly lower global warming potential compared to the standard refrigerant R134a.



 For heating up the passenger cabin the air conditioning system works in heat pump operation combined with a phase change material (PCM) thermal storage system.



R290 expansion valve





PCM thermal storage system

- Infrared heating panels in the near field of the passengers enhance thermal comfort and reduce heat-up times by 15 %, and therefore the energy consumption.
- The **internal structures of the seats** are redesigned and manufactured from lightweight materials like aluminium and magnesium while reducing the weight by 15 %.
- Vehicle doors are manufactured by using a combination of glass- or carbon-fibre composite materials with a novel aluminium-hybrid foam. The weight of the doors is reduced by 20 % while optimising the noise and vibration properties.



Development of a human machine interface (HMI) which is specialised on EVs and which allows the user to interact with the user-centric designed thermal and energy management.



interior of the vehicle validator





user-centric designed HMI

GENERAL INFORMATION

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